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UNITED NATIONS INTERNATIONAL CHILDREN'S EMERGENCY FUND

Executive Board

UNICEF FEEDING PLANS FOR EUROPE AND THE MIDDLE EAST  
1950 SUMMER CAMP PROGRAMMES

No special allocation is required to provide UNICEF food for the proposed continuation of feeding programmes during the summer of 1950, including summer camp programmes. Milk - and in some cases codfish, fats, cocoa, and sugar - will be available for camp feeding from the stocks already in the countries, or allocated for delivery before the end of June.

The major requirement for the summer period is skim milk, which will be used as follows:

<u>Country</u>	<u>Number of Beneficiaries</u>	<u>Daily Ration (grams)</u>	<u>Total Summer Requirements (tons)</u>
Austria	74,000	40	178
Bulgaria	300,000	80	1,440
Czechoslovakia	155,000	35	320
Greece	480,000	40 - 65	1,320
Italy	640,000	30	1,728
Poland	600,000	50	1,800
Yugoslavia	300,000	80	1,440

In addition to skim milk, Austria will allow 5 grams daily of sugar, and will put some of its surplus fats into the camp programmes to provide ten grams daily to each child. Italy will also use some fats for its camps. Yugoslavia will use 450 tons of dried codfish to provide 750 grams a month for each camper. Greece, Austria and Italy will also use UNICEF cocoa in the summer programme.

Camp facilities are limited, and in each country the summer camp beneficiaries are only a small proportion of the total number of children who would benefit from

/a summer camp

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a summer camp holiday. Careful selection for the camps must therefore be made on the basis of need, for economic or health reasons. Similar camp programmes undertaken last summer showed good results and everywhere UNICEF observers reported appreciation from children and their camp supervisors alike of UNICEF's assistance with the programme.

AUSTRIA:

The Austrian authorities are again planning to organize summer camps for the neediest children 3 - 18 years, in need of fresh air and good food, but whose parents cannot afford to send them to the mountains or to the country. The camps will be organized in homes, as a responsibility of various social, political or religious organizations, under the general supervision of the Bundes Ministry for Social Welfare. The camps will last two months for a total of 74,000 beneficiaries. The daily ration will be: 40 grams of skim milk, 10 grams of fats, 5 grams of sugar and 3 grams of cocoa, all available from present stocks left over from the previous programme.

BULGARIA

The Government plans to carry out an extensive summer feeding programme this summer. It is estimated that 70,000 children over 7 years of age, and 230,000 children from 2 - 7 years will be included in this operation, which is scheduled to cover the months of July and August. All beneficiaries will receive, during the whole time, a ration of 80 grams of skim milk daily. This will necessitate approximately 1,440 tons of milk from the skim milk stocks left over at the end of the present school year.

By 30 June, there will also be slight excess stocks of fats from the present programme, estimated at about 50 tons. It is expected that this amount will be consumed, in certain places, during the summer camp period.

/The Bulgarian

The Bulgarian Government will provide different types of locally produced foods for these summer camps, UNICEF food being limited to skim milk and fats, with a very few exceptions. These exceptions are food supplies which may be left over from the present feeding programme such as meat, fish, cocoa, etc. All other expenses in connection with these summer camps will be borne by the Government.

CZECHOSLOVAKIA:

UNICEF will assist a summer camp programme administered by the Ministry of Welfare for 155,000 children. The Government will provide supplies sufficient for regular meals and additional snacks.

GREECE:

UNICEF will assist the Greek Government in its scheduled summer feeding programme by distributing, during two summer months, skim milk and cocoa to the following categories of children:

- 1) 300,000 pre-school children (who will come daily to PIKPA feeding centers, as they did in winter and spring programmes).
- 2) 130,000 school children in summer camps. These children are in need of a stay in the open air and of wholesome food. The Ministry of Education takes care of 80,000 of them, and the Ministry of Social Welfare organizes camps for another 50,000.
- 3) 50,000 school children, who cannot attend a summer camp, but are in need of additional food throughout the summer. These children will be fed together with pre-school children in the PIKPA centers.

Each school child will receive from UNICEF a monthly ration of 2 kilos of skim milk and 100 grams of cocoa.

Each pre-school child will receive a monthly ration of 1 kilo of skim milk and 100 grams of cocoa.

The distribution of whole milk to 70,000 beneficiaries will be continued throughout the summer.

/ITALY:

ITALY:

The Italian Government is programming for the summer of 1950 both permanent and day camps for a period of three months (July to end September) for children in need of a change of air and of wholesome food. Permanent camps will be organized for 280,000 children on the beaches or in the country, and the day camps will provide for 360,000 beneficiaries - each child receiving a daily ration of 30 grams of skim milk, 3 grams of cocoa and 7 grams of fats. All other expenses involved in the carrying out of the programme will be borne by the Government. The experience last summer was most successful. Camps were well organized and extremely beneficial to the children concerned, all of whom gained weight and strength.

Whole milk distribution will be continued throughout the summer.

POLAND:

A summer camp programme will again be organized in Poland, along the same lines as last year. These camps are conducted under the direction of the Ministry of Education. The main supplies which will be furnished by UNICEF to these camps are skim milk, fats and some cocoa. It is estimated that about 1,800 tons of skim milk and roughly 450 tons of fats will be distributed from UNICEF supplies left over from the present programme. The total number of children in the summer colonies is expected to be about 600,000. Some of the camps will start in June and some of them will be extended until September. The skim milk ration for these camps will be 50 grams daily per child, while the fats ration will range between 10 - 20 grams according to local needs. A large part of the children benefitting from the summer programme will be in the summer colonies.

The Government will provide for the summer camps local foods-such as meat, potatoes, some fresh milk, eggs, macaroni, coffee, tea and fresh vegetables.

/Two-thirds of

Two-thirds of the expenses involved in the organization of these summer camp colonies will be met by public funds, while the parents will pay for the balance.

YUGOSLAVIA:

The Yugoslav Government has again made plans for summer camps, which this year will care for 300,000 children over a two to three months period. Most of the camps are concentrated in Slovenia and on the sea-coast of Croatia and Montenegro, though there are also mountain camps where priority is given to children threatened with tuberculosis. Numerous pre-war summer resorts and private residences have been converted to house such camps, and in several cases new groups of cottage type buildings have been constructed to house children's summer colonies.

For the most part, the camps are under the supervision of the Republican Ministries of Social Welfare. Where the colony is for sick or convalescent children, there is joint supervision by the Ministry of Public Health. Popular organizations such as the Yugoslav Red Cross, the Anti-Fascist Women's Organization and Youth groups sponsor and assist in administering many of the camps, for which some of the staff contribute their time on a voluntary basis.

The major UNICEF contribution to the camps this summer will be in the form of skim milk, of which 1,440 tons will be provided in order to serve 80 grams daily to each child. Codfish will be allocated to camps on a basis of 750 grams per child per month using a total of 450 tons during the summer.